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Daily Session Yeoman.

TERMS—Fifty cents per month. Should any person pay for a longer time than the session continues, the time will be made good with the Tri-Weekly Yeoman.

The TRI-WEEKLY YEOMAN is published at \$4 per year.

Single copies of this paper can be had at the counting-room at FIVE CENTS per copy, or THREE DOLLARS per hundred.

Members of the Legislature wishing extra copies of the Yeoman will please give in their orders the day before.

Members of the Legislature can have the number of copies of the Governor's message ordered for each, by calling at, or sending to, the counting room of the Yeoman printing office.

Louisville Embargoed!

The U. S. Collector at Louisville received written instructions on yesterday from Secretary Chase, of the Treasury Department, ordering him to stop the movement of provisions and other goods, contraband of war, to any seceded State, either by river or rail.

This order, considering Kentucky in the Union, is a practical embargo, or considering her out of the Union, is a practical blockade. And this is closed up every market for almost every description of trade in Kentucky. We have little to send hence except that which goes South, the non-seceding States of the North producing the same things we ship South, and of course, are not buyers of our products.

Thus does the infuriated Administration reigning rampant at Washington, give evidence of its respect for our proposed attitude of "Neutrality." An embargo, or a blockade, is really as much an act of war, as a bombardment, and may be just as ruinous to a commercial city or an industrial people. The announcement of this intelligence produced a profound sensation at this capital; for none could fail to interpret the order of the Federal Government as intended to coerce Kentucky to take her stand either in or out of the Union. Our Legislature, now in session, will of course take notice of this atrocious attempt to distress them by terror and force into compliance with Lincoln's order for troops from this State to march against our Southern brethren.

Will this embargo be obeyed? We shall see. The authorities of Kentucky did never hitherto quail under any menace, and we have confidence that their action in this case will vindicate the wisdom and courage which the State never fails to display when great occasions call them forth. To submit to such an outrage upon the peaceful exercise of our dearest rights, would be not only to acquiesce in our own ruin, but to prove ourselves fit to receive upon our necks a servile yoke.

"MILLIONS FOR DEFENSE—NOT A CENT FOR TRIBUTE."—We are assured, on the highest military authority, that the gigantic war operations already begun by the insane tyrant who usurpingly exercises the functions of President of the United States, will cost, on an average about one million dollars per day. The proportion which Kentucky will have to pay of this astoundingly enormous, wicked, wasteful, and prodigal expenditure, will be about eighteen or twenty million dollars per annum. Are Kentuckians willing to submit to such a crushing and ruinous burden as that, for the purpose of subjugating their Southern brethren? We should cheerfully expend a hundred millions, if necessary, for self-defense, but not a cent of tribute to Lincoln.

We are again so pressed with other matter, as to be obliged to submit to the exclusion of editorial articles intended for this day's paper.

Mr. Ratcliff, of Carter, appears through our columns to-day, in a spirited address to his constituents. We should be inclined to infer, from the terms of his address, that his back-bone is pretty staunch and stiff; and that, like Col. Hodge, who has also been requested by his political opponents to resign, he will remain firmly at the post to which he has been called by his constituents.

The Ordinance of Secession passed by the Tennessee Legislature has been made public. Five million dollars have been voted for war purposes, and fifty-five thousand volunteers are called for. The Ordinance will receive the sanction of the people on the 8th of June.

Hon. A. G. Brown.—This distinguished gentleman, late United States Senator, is at the head of one of the Mississippi companies.

The True Issue.—The discussion papers and editors are trying to make the present state of public affairs a personal matter between Jeff Davis and Abe Lincoln. They hope in this way to enlist southern sympathy, and gerrymander Kentucky out of the Union. It will not do. The true issue is: Shall this government be broken up because Breckinridge was not elected President, and we go into a state of anarchy and civil war; or shall this glorious government, the best government the world ever saw, be sustained?

WE ARE FOR THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, and we do not care a continental aught who knows it.

Frankfort, Oct 12th, 1861, May 8.

SATURDAY'S ELECTION.—The intense Unionists have convicted themselves of a flagrant fraud upon the ballot-box in the election of Saturday last. The election itself was a farce, inasmuch as voters have defeated the object of the law ordering it. No contest was made in the selection of delegates, but the unconditional Unionists, desirous of making political capital, have resorted to all kinds of frauds to swell the vote for their delegates. In some places, however, as in Louisville, their frauds were so gross as to become their own exposure. We venture to say that one third of the votes recorded on Saturday are duplicated on the poll books.—Kentucky Statesman.

To the People of Carter County.

I have received the proceedings of a public meeting, composed of citizens of Carter, Greenup, Lewis, and Boyd counties, held at Boone Furnace, April 27th, the same as published in the Frankfort Commonwealth of the 7th inst., in which I find, among other resolutions, the following, viz:

That our representative in the State Legislature, John T. Ratcliff, is instructed to act with the Union Democratic members at the ensuing extra session of the Legislature, in all things pertaining to the course to be pursued by this State in the present state of affairs in our country; and if he should refuse to do so, he will be acting in opposition to the wishes of a large majority of the people of Carter county, who request him to immediately resign his seat in that body, that they may elect some one who will truly represent them.

Without stopping to remark upon the extraordinary fact of a mass meeting composed of citizens of three counties outside of the county I represent, a number of whom, also, are citizens of Ohio, and having no political jurisdiction over me, I proceed to consider the matter as affecting my relations to my own proper constituents. Nor will I stop to show that certain prominent actors in that meeting were men from the North, men now sympathizing and acting with the North, some of whom have avowed to me that they are acting with the North from considerations of pecuniary interest, being connected with the iron interest, and desiring a high tariff levied on the consumers of the country to swell their gains as manufacturers. There will be time enough for all this when I return home, and can meet such men face to face, and expose their political conduct to the scrutiny of my constituents.

Neither will I at present enter upon a review of my course, thus far, in the Kentucky Legislature. I choose for the present only to say, that my course in the past has been the sanction of my own judgment and conscience; that it has been true to the constitution and loyal to the State of Kentucky; and that it shall be the same for the future.

As to the attempt by resolution of outsiders to instruct me to act with the self-styled "Union Democracy," and in the contingency of my refusal to do so that very modest instruction, to resign the office of representative, I tell all the authors who are not citizens of Carter county, to mind their own business, and let me alone; and I tell such of them as are citizens of Carter, that I am satisfied that my course is approved by a decisive majority of my people, and that they will sustain me in it at the polls next August, whether I shall then be a candidate or not.

If I had any satisfactory evidence that my action in the Legislature was unsatisfactory to my constituents, I would not retain my seat one moment longer than necessary to give notice of my resignation. No man of Carter, who knows me, will doubt the sincerity of this declaration.

Believing that I have faithfully represented the will of my constituents; believing that they will sustain me in all my course when fully understood; intending to stand or fall on the position that Kentucky must have her rights and equality in the Union or her independence out of it, I do emphatically now announce my refusal to obey the pretended instruction to me to act with the so-called "Union Democracy." I shall act according to my own judgment and conscience, and in accordance with my own convictions as to the real will of my constituents. Neither will I vacate my seat in this extraordinary and perilous crisis, at the call of impudent outsiders; for that would be in my judgment, an act of weakness and cowardice. I will neither fly from duty and responsibility, nor resign the trust reposed in me by my people. Nor have I any thought of dying soon, unless, it may be, in defense of my own rights and the rights, honor, equality, and independence of Kentucky. In such a cause as that, I should esteem it glorious to die; so that those who wish to make my seat vacant have but one mode left of accomplishing that object.

I intend to meet my constituents face to face, and have no misgivings as to their judgment on my conduct; and the anticipation which I confidently indulge of their verdict—"well done, good and faithful servant"—cherishes me in a firm course here, and will sustain me proudly to the end.

Respectfully, your official servant and attached fellow-citizen,

JOHN T. RATCLIFF.

FRANKFORT, May 8, 1861.

Adjournment of the Convention.

The Virginia Convention adjourned Wednesday evening, to meet again on the 12th of June next.

Previous to its adjournment, the Convention confirmed a number of military appointments, among them the following, as we learn:

R. E. Lee, Major General.
Walter Gwynn, Brigadier General.
J. P. Johnston, Brigadier General.
J. B. Magruder, Colonel.
Philip St. George Cooke, Colonel of Volunteers.
G. Q. Tompkins, Colonel of Volunteers.
Kenton Harper, Colonel of Volunteers.
R. S. Garnett, Adjutant General's Department, with the rank of Colonel.
J. W. Allen, Colonel of Volunteers.
Chas. Bell Gibson, Surgeon General.
Michael Harman, Quarter Master General.
B. F. Ficklin, Quarter Master General.

WHAT GOODS ARE CONTRABAND OF WAR.—A correspondent writes as follows to the Missouri Democrat:

By treaties of the United States with France, Great Britain, Sweden, Spain, Prussia, the Netherlands, Brazil, Central America, Mexico, Chili, Ecuador, Peru, Venezuela, New Granada, and the Two Sicilies, goods contraband of war, which are subject to seizure by a belligerent, are found on board a neutral ship to be conveyed to an enemy's ports, are expressly designated as follows:

1st. All arms and ammunition.
2d. Bucklers, helmets, breechings, coats of mail, infantry belts, and clothes made up in a military form and for military use.
3d. Cavalry belts and horses, with their furniture.

4th. All kinds of arms and instruments of iron, steel, brass, and copper, or any other materials, manufactured, prepared, and formed expressly for the purpose of war, either by sea or land.

5th. Provisions to be seized or blockaded places; and those places only are besieged or blockaded which are actually attacked by a force capable of preventing the entry of a vessel.

George B. Hodge.

An attempt has been made by a resolution of a public meeting in Campbell county, to drive the distinguished representative of that county from his seat in the Kentucky Legislature. We understand that that gentleman has no thought of making such a display of weakness and timidity, and least of all, at such a time as this, when the firmness, patriotism, and heroism of Kentucky's sons is most needed.

Col. Hodge has furnished us for publication in the Yeoman, the following letter from a prominent citizen of Campbell county, which will show to the public the kind of materials of which the meeting that sought to unseat him, was composed. Col. Hodge has ever been loyal and true to his native State, and, please God, in the face of every trial, trouble, and peril, will remain faithful to her till the last gasp.

The letter is as follows:

"NEWPORT, May 6, 1861.

"Hon. G. B. Hodge:

"DEAR SIR:—Please find inclosed a set of resolutions passed by a meeting gotten up and conducted by —, —, and —. At the same meeting they passed a resolution that you were not to be permitted to return to Campbell; but afterwards reconsidered it, at the suggestion of —. The Governor, yourself, and every friend to the State of Kentucky, was denounced by these men, who were the orators of the occasion, as traitors, scoundrels, &c., who ought to be hung, murdered, &c., &c. The resolutions speak for themselves. I send them, that you may have them published in the Yeoman and all other papers in Kentucky, that these Abolition scoundrels who got them up may be named and branded throughout Kentucky as traitors and would-be murderers of their fellow-citizens; and it will deter men in the future. It is all-important that the people should know and mark their enemies in their midst. They are among some four or five hundred foreigners and other Abolitionists in this place, to war against Kentucky. They are daily getting arms and munitions of war from Ohio! Are men like myself, born on this soil, and who love our native State and its institutions, to be numbered by the Abolitionists and Kentucky take no notice of it? I am willing to die for my beloved State, but I want an open field and fair fight. Ohio has passed an act against treason to the State; cannot our State do the same? So, if immediately, I am for armed neutrality; but *not* at once; for if it is not done soon, we will be at the mercy of these black-hearted Abolitionists of our own State and of Ohio, who are acting together. They regard this as a war against slavery. Will not Kentucky be prepared to defend her institutions? If not, let her at once abandon them, and save her friends. I beg of you to see that these resolutions and their authors be denounced by name. It will be of great service to us. They have commenced calling Mr. Crittenden a traitor, since he spoke at Col. Taylor's. His speech had too much Kentucky patriotism in it for them.

"Your friend,"

"W. L. SEWARD."

Official Correspondence between the American

Minister to France and the French Secretary

on Foreign Affairs.

WASHINGTON, May 5.

The State Department has furnished the Press with the official correspondence between Ministers Faulkner and Thevenal on American affairs. Mr. Faulkner informed the French Minister that the President entertained full confidence of a speedy restoration of the harmony and unity of the Government; that events might introduce temporary inconvenience to the French subjects, but that all affairs should be indemnified; that the President thought it not improbable that an appeal might be made to foreign Government, by the Confederates, for the recognition of their independence. When such an appeal is made, it shall be opposed by the Ministers who may represent the United States.

Mr. Faulkner said the only request he had to make was that no proposition recognizing the dissolution of the Union should be considered by France till the arrival of the new Minister, who would be fully instructed.

Mr. Thevenal replied that no application was yet made. The French Government never acted hastily on such questions. He assured Mr. Faulkner that no precipitate action would be taken on the subject by the Emperor. He said it was the established usage to recognize *de facto* governments, when a proper case is made out.

In reply to a question, Mr. Faulkner said he thought that force would not be used, and the only solution was a modification of the Constitution, or a peaceable secession in the claim of separate sovereignty. Mr. Thevenal thought the employment of force unwise.

In the Secretary of State's instructions to Minister Dayton, he is to consider the instructions to the former Minister by the President as unchangeable, notwithstanding any opinion expressed or recorded by his predecessor; to assure Mr. Thevenal that no difference of opinion exists between the President and his Cabinet; that the path is plainly marked out by the President, and that not at the hands of this Administration is the Government to end.

France's assurance not to take any hasty steps is considered satisfactory, although attended by reservations. Mr. Seward says, in reply to Mr. Faulkner's answer, that force would not be used, &c. The time when these questions had any pertinency has passed.

Insurgents, with deadly war, have tried to compel the Government to recognize the membership of the Union. We have accepted this civil war as an inevitable necessity. The constitutional remedies are all open to the insurgents, and will remain so. You cannot be too decided in making an answer to the French Government, that no idea does or will exist of suffering a dissolution of the Union to take place in any way, peacefully or forcibly. It has never entered the mind of any candid statesman here, and it is high time it be dispensed by European statesmen.

[Signed] W. L. SEWARD.

Tennessee Mastering Her "Evil and Best."

The unparalleled unanimity with which the men of Tennessee are repudiating the summe to war, makes the heart of every true Tennesseean beat quicker and prouder. The Governor has not yet issued any official call to the volunteers of the State, and yet, in anticipation of such call, 117 companies have already been reported to the Adjutant General, as ready for the service. This is exclusive of 41 companies mustered in by Gen. Anderson in West Tennessee, and of Col. Pete Turvey's 1,100 men, which have been received into the service of the Confederate States, and have already gone to Virginia.

We do not overstate the case, when we estimate that 75,000 as good and efficient troops as ever met an enemy, can easily be raised in Tennessee, and this will not include more than one half the men capable of bearing arms in the State.—*South Union* & *Warrior*.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Reported Expressly for the Yeoman.

From Frederick, Md.

FREDERICK, MD., May 8.

The court-house was nearly destroyed by fire last night. It is supposed to have been a piece of incendiarism.

The probabilities now are, that the Legislature will adjourn on Friday next, to the 10th of July next.

At a caucus of the House members, last night, it was almost unanimously determined to abandon the proposition of the Convention.

MONTGOMERY, May 8.

Salute fired here this morning, rejoicing at the tenth star to the constellation.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.

The first artillery regiment of Pennsylvania, Col. Patterson, started South this morning by railroad.

NEW YORK, May 8.

The steamer Asia sailed this morning for Liverpool. She took \$1,800 in specie.

BOSTON, May 8.

The Minnesota sailed this morning, under sealed orders.

NEW YORK, May 8.

Warren Leland, of the Metropolitan Hotel, has tendered his services to the Governor of his native State to lead the first Vermont Regiment.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.

Fifty West Point cadets were detained here last night by the police, on the supposition that they were about to join the secessionists. In formation had been received that they had purchased arms in New York. The mistake was soon rectified, and they proceeded to Washington, where they will be commissioned as Second Lieutenants.

WASHINGTON, May 8.

A Louisiana Regiment arrived at Richmond on Monday, 1,400 Tennessee, and a Battalion of Alabama troops, have reached Lynchburg. At Norfolk there are about 4,000 troops, including two companies of Georgians. The authorities were fortifying Norfolk in all directions.

A board of medical officers will convene at the Naval Hospital, New York, on the first of June next, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Corps of the Navy.

[N. Y. Herald's Dispatches.]

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 7th.

The greatest activity prevails at the War and Navy Departments, perfecting details, encompassing and punishing traitors. Another committee has been here from Baltimore. They reported to the President that the mob spirit was down, and the loyalists were preparing to welcome the Government troops.

There will be at least three regiments raised in Baltimore, of one thousand men each, and be accepted by the Government.

Forty thousand troops will be concentrated at Washington. The Massachusetts 8th regiment yesterday sent five hundred barrels of splendid bread, made by themselves, to the New York 28th regiment.

Gen. Patterson, of Pennsylvania, will move troops, by detachments, through Baltimore, as soon as the railroad is repaired.

Major Hunter, U. S. A., will be made Colonel.

Late Richmond papers announce the marching of military companies toward Harper's Ferry.

The Kentucky battalion is expected to move there. Senator Morrill tendered a regiment of Lumber men from Maine, not less than six feet each. They are likely to be accepted. The Governors of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, and Illinois have agreed on a plan of co-operation for the support of the Federal Government. They act as a unit, their action having been ratified by the President.

Secretary Chase has ordered the stoppage of all supplies of any kind for the rebellious States, at Cairo.

WASHINGTON, May 7.

Maj. Anderson has this evening, with the consent of the President, accepted the command of the Kentucky Brigade.

From Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, May 8.

Several arrests were made of parties charged with participating in the attack on the Massachusetts troops. Yesterday and today there has been a stampede among the suspected. Seventy of the rioters have disappeared. The Legislature did nothing to-day.

From Montgomery.

MONTGOMERY, May 6.

Mr. Curry, of Alabama, presented a bill fixing the time of the election of Representatives to the Congress, also providing for the election of a President and Vice President under the permanent Constitution, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

An act passed by which the injunction of secrecy was removed, recognizing the existence of war with the United States, and concerning letters of marque and reprisal and prize goods. The preamble recites that the acts of Lincoln and his proclamation render it necessary for the Confederate States to accept war thus commenced by him.

The act authorizes granting letters of marque and reprisal on certain conditions. A provision annexes the doctrine that freights make free goods, and that thirty days be allowed for the purpose of lawful commerce, to return to their homes. Five percent of the prizes will be reserved for the widows and orphans of those killed on private armed vessels, and for the support of the wounded.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 7.

The War Department has informed the Governors of States which had ordered out their quota of militia under the first proclamation of the President, that it is desirable and preferable that those who have not been marched forward, shall be mustered in for three years under the subsequent proclamation. Full instructions on this subject will soon be issued.

N. Polkbiggar, of Cincinnati, has been appointed Paymaster in the army.

Major Anderson will soon be ordered to honorable duty. The Government intends promoting him to a Colonelcy.

From Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, PA., May 7.
It seems to be the disposition of some of the members of the Legislature to restrain the Governor from using full military prerogative as commander-in-chief. Any such bill will certainly be vetoed.

Mr. Williams, of Allegheny, proposed a preamble and resolutions, reviewing the Baltimore massacre of troops. It says they were brutally murdered; declares the right of the Federal troops to pass peacefully over any part of the soil of the United States; that the slaughter of troops is treason, whether done under authority of a State or private persons; calls on the Government to demand the surrender for equal punishment of all persons engaged in the riot; says that refusal of the Border Slave States to contribute the quota of troops, or their assuming a State neutrality, is a renunciation of their allegiance; that it is the duty of the Government to reduce revolted citizens to unconditional submission, and that no compromise can or ought to be made.

HARRISBURG, May 7.

The Governor of Pennsylvania received a dispatch from the Secretary of War, to provide quarters for a large number of additional troops.

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 7.
The Montgomery Confederation of this morning says over three hundred thousand applications have been received at the State Department for letters of marque and reprisal.

In Congress to-day at noon, Mr. Brooke, of Mississippi, presented the ordinance of Virginia adopting the provisional constitution. There were also resolutions appointing commissioners to the Congress, two of whom, Brockton and Staples, were present. Mr. Brooke moved that they be qualified to take seats. Mr. Rhet moved that Congress go into secret session, and that the Virginia Commissioners be invited to remain.

LATER.—Virginia was admitted a member of the Confederate States Government to-day in secret session. Two of her members were sworn in and participated in the discussions and vote on the pending questions. No other business was made public.

A CARD.

To the Voters of the counties of Carter and Rowan:

I herewith announce myself as a candidate to represent you in the next Legislature of Kentucky. In making this announcement, and before asking you for your support, it is but due that I should define my position in regard to the issues now pending before the people of this State.

At a period like the present, every one aspiring to the confidence and support of his fellow-citizens should candidly and unequivocally lay his views before the people for their inspection. There should be no double dealing; he should come up fairly and squarely to the issue, and stand or fall by his principles. This I mean to do; and let the result be as it may, it shall never be said that I deserted my standard for the sake of the emoluments of office.

In my political faith and action I have ever been, and am still, a Democrat. But this assertion, taken in its general sense, will probably be deemed insufficient and unavailing by my principles. I will, therefore, be more explicit. I supported John C. Breckinridge for the Presidency in the campaign of 1860. I did this because I considered the platform upon which he was running to be a true exposition of the faith and policy of the Democratic party.

I have ever been ardently attached to the Union, and a devoted admirer and upholder of the Constitution, as construed by all conservative men, and by the Supreme Court of the United States. Since the commencement of our national troubles, I have been in favor of Kentucky adopting the most efficient means of securing her rights and maintaining her status as a sovereign and independent State. For a time I was sanguine that she would obtain the concessions she so earnestly sought at the hands of the General Government, and would be able to obtain, under the Constitution, the recognition of her dearest rights.

I am now thoroughly convinced that this hope, so fondly cherished in common by our Governor and all patriotic men of this State, has proven to be delusive. Kentucky cannot, consistently with her interests and dignity, remain any longer in a Union which has become destructive of the ends for which it was created, and under a Government whose administrators ignore the very principles that constitute its basis. She must prepare to sever the ties which have hitherto bound her, and join her sister Southern States, with whose destiny hers is so obviously linked. I shall not stop to discuss the right of secession, nor the abstract question of State sovereignty, nor the necessity that this State should take the step just indicated.

In accordance with the views just expressed I shall unhesitatingly support, for delegates to the Border State Convention, at Frankfort, the ticket offered by the Southern States Rights Party, and headed by Gen. Win. O. Butler and Hon. Jas. B. Clay; and I conjure you all, by the love you have for the welfare of your native State, to do the same.

Now you have my views on the main subject connected with the national crisis. As to the ordinary subjects of legislation, I think I shall be able to discharge the duties incumbent upon your representative, faithfully and impartially. I am by birth, education, and occupation, "one of the people," and, consequently, should be able to judge of their wants. If elected, I shall ever have an eye single to the interests of my constituents.

R. C. REYNOLDS.

Kentucky University.

The next Full Examination of the classes in Kentucky University will commence on Monday, the 10th day of June, and close on Saturday, the 22d. The Newton and Franklin Societies will hold their exhibition on the following Monday and Tuesday evenings; and on Tuesday at 9 o'clock, A. M. June 25th, the Board of Curators will meet for the transaction of business. A full and prompt attendance of all the members is earnestly and respectfully requested. Wednesday, June 25th, is the day of our commencement. The exercises will commence at 9 o'clock A. M. And after the delivery of Oration by the Senior Class and the Representatives of the Literary Societies, the undergraduates will be addressed by Elder D. S. Barnett, of Cincinnati Ohio; after which, an address will be delivered to the audience by W. E. Riley, Esq., the chosen representative of the Alumni Association.

It is earnestly hoped and expected that parents will not withhold their sons from the University before they are properly dismissed at the close of the session. There is nothing in our present circumstances to prevent any student from spending his time here as profitably now as he ever did. And the public may rest assured that nothing will be wanting, on the part of the Faculty, to make the remainder of the session as one of both pleasure and profit to every student who faithfully submits to the rules and regulations of the University.

R. MILLIGAN.

ROBB & DEHONEY
HAVE just received, and opened a handsome and desirable stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS.

To which they invite the attention of their friends and customers, as they intend to sell

CHEAP FOR CASH
And to prompt time buyers.

april 30 wdt-wt

STATE TREASURER.
We are requested, to announce JAMES H. GARRARD, the present Treasurer, a candidate for re-election at the next August election.
1616 wdt-wt

SPECIAL NOTICES.

EDGAR KEENON.....J. L. GIBBONS.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS,

CHEAP, VERY CHEAP.

JUST OPENED BY

KEENON & GIBBONS,

DEALERS IN

BOOKS & STATIONERY,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS, BOOTS,

SHOES, WALL PAPER, CARPET BAGS, &c.,

BRONCHIAL *Hacking Cough in Consump-*
tion, Bronchitis, Asthma,
& Catarrh. Clear & give

Few are aware of the importance of checking Cough or "Common Cold" in its first stage; the delay in the best remedy would lead to a continued attack of neglected, soaked attacks the lungs. "Brown's *Phlegm Treacher*," containing demulcent ingredients, allays Pulmonary and Bronchial Irritation.

BROWN'S
TROCHES "What trouble in my Throat, if I take this, will be relieved in a few days, without having made me often a mere whimper."

BROWN'S "I recommend their use to **PULMONARY SPEAKERS.**"

TROCHES "Great service in subduing HOARSENESS."

BROWN'S "Great service in subduing HOARSENESS."

	REV. DANIEL WISE.
TROCHES	"Almost-instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
BROWN'S	REV. A. C. EGGLESS.
TROCHES	"Contain no Opium or any thing injurious."
BROWN'S	<i>Just dist. Busto</i> "A simple and pleasurable combination for Colds, Hoarseness, &c."
TROCHES	DR. G. F. EIGELOW.
BROWN'S	"Beneficial in Pharyngitis."
TROCHES	DIC. J. E. W. LANE.
BROWN'S	<i>Just dist. Busto</i> "I have proved them excellent in Whooping Cough."
	REV. H. W. WARREN.

TROCHES "deflected him from compelled to spend
undaring great time."
REV. S. J. PANDERSON
TROCHES "Effective in removing heartache,
BROWN'S and irritation of the throat,"
men with SPEAKERS and singers.
Trot. M. RAY, JOHN-
In France, Ga
TROCHES Teacher of Music, St. Albans
BROWN'S "Great benefit to me in en-
and after preaching, as they prove
TROCHES Hearings. From their music I
I think they will be of permanent
vantage to me."
M. E. ROWLEY, A. M.
President of Athens College, Tenn.
TROCHES "I feel as all Druggists at THE
TY FIDELICENTS A BOX"
_mor2 w4t-w6m3n

[illegible]

71 They immediately arrest nocturnal and
 72 emissions.
 73 74 They remove local weakness, causing
 75 the patient to assume his natural tone and vigor,
 76 and to be able to undergo the most severe
 77 nervous debility and general weakness.
 78 79 They enliven the spirits, which are numbed
 80 and depressed, by expelling all exciting causes from
 81 system.
 82 83 By their invigorating properties they restore
 84 the patient to his natural health and vigor of mind
 85 and body.
 86 87 They cure when all other means have failed
 88 89 *They cure the Piles, hemorrhoids, and all
 90 the other diseases of the rectum and anus.*
 91 92 They are easy and pleasant to use, and will
 93 interfere with the patient's usual business or ple-
 94 asures.
 95 96 They can be used without suspicion, or noise,
 97 and they are painless.
 98 99 They are sent in the reach of all,
 100 101 *in the form of the Pile-ol at \$1 per
 102 box, and the Pile-ol 50 cents per box each.* In order
 103 to mail, add 10c to the price. Twelve cents
 104 per box, by mail.

LADIES in want of a safe and effi-
cal remedy for *Irregularities, Suppres-
sion of the Menstrues*, or any disease con-
nected with their sex, should use Dr. GAY'S
FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. Price
one shilling one stamp.

CUTION.—These Pills should not
be used during pregnancy, as miscarriage will be the
consequence.

LADIES who, from ill-health, deformity, or a
other but an unreasonable cause, deem it ne-
cessary to avoid a increase of family, can do so with

1000 and 10000 for the half or the full bottle, by mail.
 or by Express, *Trunk, Trunk, Trunk, Trunk, Trunk, Trunk*
 Price, by mail, \$1 and two stamps.
 These Powders can only be obtained by address-
 ing the General Agents, at Louisville, Ky.
 Send for Dr. GATES' Private Medical Treatise
Sexual Diseases. Price ten cents.
 Editor,
 H. G. MILLER & CO., General Agents,
 164 WALL-STREET, Louisville, Ky.

Good for the Stomach, Pleasing to the
 Taste, is
 DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S
SHERRY WINE BITTERS
 THE CELEBRATED NEW ENGLAND REMEDY
 FOR
 HABITUAL CONSTIPATION,
 Jaundice, Liver and Aged, General Debility,
 and all Diseases arising from a Dis-
 ordered Stomach, Liver, or
 Bowels.

THIS is used and recommended by leading Physi-
 cians of the continent and all who try it reap im-
 mense benefit therefrom.
 Dr. J. A. HARRIS, of Newburgh, New York, writes from Newark,
 N. J., Ohio: "The Bitters are highly praised
 for their efficacy in curing indigestion, dyspepsia, and

E. S. DAVIS, Postmaster at Williamsport, Pa., says: "They give great satisfaction. I use them for indigestion, flatulency, and loss of appetite. It relieved me, and I can recommend it with great assurance of its merits."

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Such News are a Circulating Daily
Full directions accompany each bottle.
They are sold by Medicine dealers generally.
Price 25 cts. per bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO.,
Proprietors, 154 N. 3rd St., Cincinnati, O.

Notice.
THE notes and accounts due the late C. A. GRAHAM, will remain in my hands, for thirty days from this date; all not paid at the expiration of that time will be placed in the hands of an agent for collection.
T. S. PARRISH.

[illegible]

BROWN'S
TROCHES
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TROCHES

"After Cough, Cold, Hoarseness, Influenza, any Irritation of a Soreness of the Throat, relieve the Creaking Cough in Consumption, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Catarrh of the Lungs, and Catarrh of the Uterus, clear the strength to the voice of the
PULMONIC SECRETORS,
and SINGERS.

Few are aware of the importance of checking the action of "Common Cough" in its first stages, in which in the beginning world, years, of a mild remedy neglected, soon attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," containing demulcent ingredients, soothe the inflamed and irritated throat.

"That trouble in my Throat, for which the 'Troches' are a specific, having made me often a mere whisper."

N. P. WILLIS.
I recommend their use to PULMONIC SPEAKERS.

REV. E. H. CHAPIN.
Great service in subduing lungs.

	REV. DANIEL WISE.
TROCHES	"Almost-instant relief in the distressing labor of breathing peculiar to Asthma."
BROWN'S	REV. A. C. EGGLESS.
TROCHES	"Contain no Opium or any thing injurious."
BROWN'S	<i>Just dist. Busto</i> "A simple and pleasurable combination for Colds, Hoarseness, &c."
TROCHES	DR. G. F. EIGELOW.
BROWN'S	"Beneficial in Pharyngitis."
TROCHES	DIC. J. E. W. LANE.
BROWN'S	<i>Just dist. Busto</i> "I have proved them excellent in Whooping Cough."
	REV. H. W. WARREN.

TROCHES "deflected him from compelled to spend
undaring great time."
REV. S. J. PANDERSON
TROCHES "Effective in removing heartache,
BROWN'S and irritation of the Throat,"
BROWN'S men with SPEAKERS and singers.
Prof. M. RAY, JOHN-
TROCHES In France, Ga.
Tender of Music, St. Althea
BROWN'S "Great benefit to me in life
and after preaching, as they prove
TROCHES Hearings. From their music I
think they will be of permanent
advantage to me."
BROWN'S W. E. ROWLEY, A. M.
President of Athens College, Tenn.
TROCHES It sold by all Druggists at 75c per
TY TIE AGENTS A BOX

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71 They immediately arrest nocturnal and
 72 emissions.
 73 74 They remove local weakness, causing
 75 the patient to assume his natural tone and vigor,
 76 and to be able to undergo the most severe
 77 nervous debility and general weakness.
 78 79 They enliven the spirits, which are numbed
 80 and depressed, by expelling all exciting causes from
 81 system.
 82 83 By their invigorating properties they restore
 84 the patient to his natural health and vigor of mind
 85 and body.
 86 87 They cure when all other means have failed
 88 89 *They cure the Piles, hemorrhoids, and all
 90 the other diseases of the rectum and anus.*
 91 92 They are easy and pleasant to use, and will
 93 interfere with the patient's usual business or ple-
 94 asures.
 95 96 They can be used without suspicion, or noise,
 97 and they are painless.
 98 99 They are sent in the reach of all,
 100 101 *in the form of the Pile-ol at \$1 per
 102 box, and the Pile-ol 50 cents per box each.* In order
 103 to mail it add 10c to the price. Twelve cents
 104

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JOB WORK!

WE call the attention of heads of Colleges, officers of Agricultural Societies, county officers, agriculturists, and all others, to our work in the best terms, to our superior facilities for printing.

PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT.
YEOMAN OFFICE,
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Books, Pamphlets, Cards, Bill-Boards, Posters, Letter-Heads, etc., etc.

STEAM POWER & CARD PRESSES.
We have the latest styles of wood and metal types of the latest styles, entirely new.

DICK'S ACCOUNTANT
AND
DISPATCH PATENT.

The Invention of the Dispatch Patent is acknowledged and protected by the Government of the United States.

What I claim as my invention is the convenience of keeping accounts current, and of making a statement in form of a bill, and of making a statement in form of a bill, and of making a statement in form of a bill.

Rev. Robert Dick, of Buffalo, N. Y., is the Agent and Attorney.

JOHN J. BARRIS, London, England.
The "Lark" who in the United States of America, in the month of February, 1891, was the first to introduce the "Lark" into the United States.

KENTUCKY
Military Institute.

Col. E. W. MORGAN.
A distinguished graduate of West Point and a practical engineer and an able faculty.

GREENWOOD FEMALE SEMINARY,
FRANKFORT, KY.

MRS. MARY TRAYNE RYAN, Principal.
The Twenty-Fifth Session of this School will commence on Monday, the 1st of January, 1891.

Expenses per Session.
Board, including fuel and lights, \$20.00
Tuition in primary class, 15.00
Tuition in intermediate class, 20.00
Tuition in advanced class, 25.00
Furniture, Janitor, and Painting, 10.00
Water, coal, and other incidentals, 10.00
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Music on Piano, 10.00
Use of instrument for practice, 10.00
Washing, 10.00
Stationery, 10.00
Instructions in Plain and Ornamental Needlework without charge. No deduction for voluntary absence.

For further information address the Principal, J. M. WATKINS.

STOLEN from the subscriber, living near the Forks of Elk River, Franklin County, Ky., on the night of 21st March, inst., a large black dog, named "Lark," about 12 months old, with a white patch on his hind feet, a knot or lump on the outside of his right hind leg, nearly as large as the head and neck; three years old, weighing about 100 lbs. A reward will be paid for any information that will enable me to get him. WM. FRANKLIN, Sr., Lexington Stationer and Woodford, Pennant, Vermilion, copy three times, and charge 10 cents.

KENTUCKY RIVER COAL.

HELMHOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BICHLOR.

For Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Gleet, Gonorrhea, and all other diseases of the Urinary Organs.

MALE OR FEMALE.
From whatever cause they may have originated, and no matter how long standing.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED!!!
It cures Nervous and Debilitated Sufferers, and removes all the symptoms, among which will be found:

to Excretion, Loss of Power, or Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Trembling, Dropsical Swelling, Night Sweats, Catarrh of the Bladder, Stricture, and all other diseases of the Urinary Organs.

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YOU CAN'T FIND

AN ARTICLE THAT SUITS AS WELL AS
HEIMSTREETS INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Apothecaries and Consumers all testify that
It is the Only Reliable Article
For the Bald and Grey.

Read the testimony from Kentucky.
PABER, KY., July 27, 1890.

MR. W. A. BELL.
Dear Sir—I have used HEIMSTREETS' INIMITABLE Hair Restorative, and am satisfied, from an experience in all other preparations for the like purpose, that it is the only article ever before the public worth purchasing. Yours truly,

JOHN G. DALY.
PABER, KY., July 27, 1890.

MESSRS. W. E. HIGAN & CO., Troy, N. Y.:
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Glad News for the Unfortunate!

THE LONG SOUGHT FOR
DISCOVERED AT LAST.

CURES FROM ONE TO THREE DAYS
CHEROKEE REMEDY!
An infallible Specific for all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, and a General Alterative and Blood Purifier.

THIS "REMEDY" CURES WHEN ALL OTHER PREPARATIONS FAIL!
It is entirely unlike every other Medicine prescribed for Urinary Diseases, as it contains no Mineral Salts, or any other Drugs, being prepared from the purest and most refined of the most potent and delicate of the Cherokee Indians.

It is "nature" can remedy for GONORRHOEA, CHLORIDIA, GLEET, and all other diseases of the Urinary Organs, and a General Alterative and Blood Purifier.

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PROF. O. J. WOOLLS

RESTORATIVE CORDIAL
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.

It is precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is a powerful blood purifier and strengthener to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinvigorates and renews the blood in its original purity, thus restoring to the system its original invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so accessible to the reach of all. As a sure preventive and cure of:

Consumption, Bronchitis, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Faintness, Nervous Irritability, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart, Melancholia, Hypochondria, Night Sweats, Languor, Giddiness, and all other classes of cases so fearfully fatal, called female weakness and irregularities.

There is Nothing its Equal.

Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys, or any general debility of the Urinary Organs.

It will not only cure the most obstinate CHILLS and FEVER, but prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic influences, and cure the diseases at once, in almost all cases.

Travellers should have a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following use of climate and water.

As it prevails everywhere, it is a most reliable remedy, it should be in the hands of all persons of ordinary habits.

Mothers should use it, for it is a perfect relief to a sick child, and will pass the most difficult period with perfect ease and safety.

There is no mistake about it!
THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT!
Mothers Try It!

And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline of only your child's sex before it be too late, take a course of this Cordial, for while the former may be a mere precaution, the latter is a remedy rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter are often so mixed up with the excitement of business, that if it were not for the following Cordial, it would be a most reliable remedy.

For all particulars get a Circular free from our Agents, or send for it to the following Agents: S. H. HIGAN & CO., Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

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PROCLAMATION by the Governor.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.
Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that JAMES WILLIAMS, who killed and murdered one of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and who is now at large:

Now, therefore, I, BERNARD MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars for the apprehension of said Williams, and his delivery to the jailer of Henderson County, within one year from the date hereof.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 12th day of April, A. D. 1891, and in the 60th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.
T. B. MOXON, Jr., Secretary of State.
By JAS. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.
Jim Brown is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; and weighs about 140 pounds; has a bushy head; and whiskers under the chin; has a high forehead; eyes rather prominent, and smiling countenance. He is a first-class runner, and when first seen was clothed in a long blue coat, and a high-crowned hat with a long red tail, with the cock under the barrel. The citizens of Henderson and Henderson County, have also directed the Sheriff of Henderson County, to give him a reward of three hundred dollars for his apprehension.

PROCLAMATION by the Governor.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.
Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it is represented to me that THOMAS J. KING, who killed and murdered one of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and who is now at large:

Now, therefore, I, BERNARD MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars for the apprehension of said King, and his delivery to the jailer of Henderson County, within one year from the date hereof.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 12th day of April, A. D. 1891, and in the 60th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.
T. B. MOXON, Jr., Secretary of State.
By JAS. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.
Leroy D. King, formerly of North Carolina, is about six feet high; rather thin in flesh; with light brown hair, and a high forehead; eyes rather prominent, and smiling countenance. He is a first-class runner, and when first seen was clothed in a long blue coat, and a high-crowned hat with a long red tail, with the cock under the barrel. The citizens of Henderson and Henderson County, have also directed the Sheriff of Henderson County, to give him a reward of three hundred dollars for his apprehension.

PROCLAMATION by the Governor.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.
Executive Department.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that JAMES WILLIAMS, who killed and murdered one of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and who is now at large:

Now, therefore, I, BERNARD MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars for the apprehension of said Williams, and his delivery to the jailer of Henderson County, within one year from the date hereof.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 12th day of April, A. D. 1891, and in the 60th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor: B. MAGOFFIN.
T. B. MOXON, Jr., Secretary of State.
By JAS. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.
James Williams is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; and weighs about 140 pounds; has a bushy head; and whiskers under the chin; has a high forehead; eyes rather prominent, and smiling countenance. He is a first-class runner, and when first seen was clothed in a long blue coat, and a high-crowned hat with a long red tail, with the cock under the barrel. The citizens of Henderson and Henderson County, have also directed the Sheriff of Henderson County, to give him a reward of three hundred dollars for his apprehension.

PROCLAMATION by the Governor.
COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.
Executive Department.